

# **Royal Borough of Greenwich Local Validation Requirements List**

**June 2025**

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## Introduction

The Local Validation List aims to:

- Provide guidance on the national validation requirements as set out in the Development Management Procedure Order 2015 (as amended);
- Provide guidance on our local information requirements and the type of information required to be submitted with an application;
- List validation item requirements which are proportionate to the nature and scale of the proposal;
- Ensure that the Council complies with current best practice advice; and
- Ensure that the validation requirements are justified and supported by policies in the National Planning Policy Framework (NPPF), the policies in the Royal Borough's adopted development plan, the London Plan and any other relevant legislation.

Please read this document carefully before submitting your application. Indicative thresholds and criteria are given to help, but please note that not all the information itemised in the local list will be required for every application.

To assist with the submission of an application, various reference sources for further information and guidance are provided throughout this document. The planning pages on the [Royal Borough's website](#), the [Planning Portal](#) and the [Planning Practice Guidance](#) (PPG) are recommended as good starting places.

If you are in any doubt about what information needs to be submitted, then please contact the Royal Borough's Planning Department for advice. Advice on precise requirements for a specific proposal can also be obtained as part of the Royal Borough's duty planner and pre-application advice service.

## Submitting an Application

### How to apply

The best way to apply is through the [Planning Portal](#). Here, you can complete your application form, upload supporting documents and calculate fees all in one place.

The benefits of applying online via the Planning Portal include:

- you can work on your application in draft before submission
- immediate delivery and acknowledgement
- make a payment
- savings on postage and printing costs
- guidance at every stage and step-by-step video tutorials
- online record of your completed application

### [Apply online for planning permission](#)

**The maximum file size of any single attachment is 10mb.** In the case of larger schemes where it proves impossible to create some documents in less than 10mb, the document should be broken down into parts and labelled appropriately.

**Paper copies of submission documents may be required** for the largest of schemes, for example where they are referable to the GLA or are to be publicised in local libraries.

If you can't apply online, you can download our planning forms from the [Planning Portal](#).

You can submit these by email to [planningapps@royalgreenwich.gov.uk](mailto:planningapps@royalgreenwich.gov.uk)

Please note that all application documents are published online on the Council's website as part of our statutory planning register. All documents submitted must be of a quality that is easily readable in digital form whether scanned or submitted digitally.

When received, an application is checked by our Planning Support team and classed as either 'valid' or 'invalid'.

If the application is **valid**

- The validation team process the application and send you an acknowledgment letter.
- The validation team create a list of neighbours to notify and letters are sent (if appropriate).
- Where the planning case officer is unable to erect the site notice themselves, the validation team will send out a site notice to the applicant/agent to display outside the application site. The applicant/agent will be required to provide photographic evidence that the site notice has been displayed and that it has been dated correctly.
- The validation team will arrange for the application to be advertised in the local press (if required).
- A number of statutory external and internal consultees are contacted for their comments on the application e.g. Thames Water, Environment Agency, conservation officers, transport officers (if required).
- The application becomes available on the website.
- It is then given to the planning officer for assessment and to make a recommendation within the relevant statutory timeframe.

If the application is **invalid**

- You will receive an email or letter stating the reasons it is invalid.
- The application is then suspended until the requested information is received.
- The time limit for suspending the application is **28** days.
- If the required information is not received within this time the application is then withdrawn.
- Once an application has been withdrawn, you will need to submit a new application.

The statutory period for determining a planning application starts from the date the application becomes valid. In the case of a dispute over validation requirements then the applicant's attention is drawn to Part 3, Section 12 of the Development Management Procedure Order 2015 (as amended).

The Royal Borough strongly encourages the submission of online and electronic applications. Applications can be submitted via the Planning Portal website [here](#). If you have any queries or require any further information, please email [planningapps@royalgreenwich.gov.uk](mailto:planningapps@royalgreenwich.gov.uk)



## NATIONAL VALIDATION REQUIREMENTS 2024

Type of information	Requirements within Development Management Procedure Order 2015 (as amended)
Application Form	<p><b>Required - all applications.</b></p> <p>The form must be completed in full, signed and dated. The description of the development should be concise, clear and accurately reflect all aspects of the proposal requiring planning permission. Guidance on the different types of applications, how you can submit, the forms and how to fill these out can be found at the <a href="#">Planning Portal</a> website.</p> <p><b>N.B. Applications relating to flats need to be made on the full ‘Application for Planning Permission’ form (NOT householder forms).</b> Also for applications relating to a flat, the applicant will normally be required to complete Certificate B and serve notice on all other occupiers of flats within the building as they have an interest in the application site (See page 10 for further information on this)</p> <p>In line with the GLA’s London Development Database Automation Project, additional information is required by the GLA as part of the GLA Planning Data Standard. Information for each type of application can be found <a href="#">here</a> . This is incorporated within application forms on the planning portal for London application submissions</p> <p>Further details on the project itself can be found at: <a href="#">The Planning London Datahub   London City Hall</a></p> <p>Failure to use the correct forms or complete the form correctly will delay the application and make it invalid.</p>

<b>Ownership Certificates</b>	<p><b>Required - all applications <u>except</u> Lawful Development Certificates, Advertisement Consent, Prior Notifications, Reserved Matters, s96a and Discharge of Conditions.</b></p> <p>You must complete and submit <b>one</b> Certificate with your application (A, B, C or D). This is incorporated into the standard planning application form.</p> <p>You must also complete the Agricultural Holdings Certificate - even if your application is for a non-agricultural use - to confirm whether any of the land to which the application relates is, or is part of, an agricultural holding. This is incorporated into the standard planning application form</p> <p><b>An owner means either the freeholder or a leaseholder with a lease with 7 years or more.</b></p> <p><u>Certificate A:</u> The applicant owns all land that forms part of the application site.</p> <p><u>Certificate B:</u> The applicant does not own all of the land but has served notice on other owners - this includes for example where:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>(i) an application relates to a flat(s) within a building and the applicant is not the owner of all the flats and/or other occupiers of the flats have a leasehold interest of 7 years or more;</li> <li>(ii) development or foundations will be outside of the application site. For example the foundations or the flank wall of a residential extension is to be built on the land of the adjoining occupier.</li> </ul> <p><b>A copy of the Notice served is required to be submitted with the application.</b></p>
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	<p><b><u>Certificate C:</u></b> The applicant does not own all the land, is unable to issue Certificate A or B but has notified owners of whom the applicant is aware and is trying to ascertain the names and details of any other owners. <b>(Copies of notices served to be submitted with the application).</b></p> <p><b><u>Certificate D:</u></b> The applicant does not own all of the land, is unable to issue Certificate A, B or C and is trying to ascertain the names and details of any owners. (Refer to guidance on the Planning Portal for procedures and required evidence to be submitted with the application).</p> <p><b>Guidance</b>  Guidance on how to fill out these forms can be found at the Planning Portal web site - <a href="https://www.planningportal.co.uk/info/200126/applications/60/consent_types">https://www.planningportal.co.uk/info/200126/applications/60/consent_types</a>  These certificates relate to who owns or has an interest in the land related to your application. If the certificates are not correct or have not been served properly, then your application will not be valid.</p> <p>If you live in a flat of any kind or your application relates to a building that you do not own entirely, you will need to use Certificate B, C or D.</p> <p>The Notice to be served (with a copy submitted with the application) is available via the following link: <a href="https://ecab.planningportal.co.uk/uploads/1app/notices/notice1.pdf">https://ecab.planningportal.co.uk/uploads/1app/notices/notice1.pdf</a></p>
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<b>Site Location Plan</b>	<p><b>Required - all applications</b></p> <p>Plans must:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• be to a recognisable scale - normally 1:1250</li> <li>• show the application site outlined in <b>red</b> with a <b>blue</b> line around any other land owned by the applicant which is close to or adjoining the application site;</li> <li>• show the direction of North;</li> <li>• include the street number/name of the application property and its neighbours;</li> <li>• include all the buildings, roads and footpaths on land adjoining the site;</li> </ul> <p>All land within the 'red line' site boundary must include all land necessary to carry out the development- e.g. land required for access to the site from a public highway, visibility splays, landscaping, car parking or open land around the building.</p> <p>Where a site contains more than one building, the building or buildings that are the subject of the application need to be identified on the Site Location Plan.</p>
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	<p>The plan should also include the following, unless these would not influence or be affected by the proposed development:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• all public rights of way crossing or adjoining the site</li> <li>• the position of all trees on the site, and those on adjacent land</li> </ul> <p><b>Guidance</b>  <a href="https://www.planningportal.co.uk//homepage/4/buy_a_planning_map">https://www.planningportal.co.uk//homepage/4/buy_a_planning_map</a></p>
<b>Block Plan</b>	<p><b>When required - all applications when the footprint of an existing building is being enlarged or a new building is being constructed.</b></p> <p>Plans must:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• be at a scale of at least 1:200 or 1:500</li> <li>• Show the existing and proposed situation</li> <li>• Indicate the direction of North</li> <li>• show at least the properties on either side and to the front or rear as well as existing and proposed features</li> </ul> <p>Where a site contains more than one building, the building or buildings that are the subject of the application need to be identified on the Block Plan.</p>
<b>Existing and proposed elevations</b>	<p><b>When required - all applications that involve changes to any external part of the building, including to boundary walls, gates and fences</b></p> <p>Plans must:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• be at a scale of 1:50 or 1:100 with scale bar included (for major applications 1:200 may be acceptable)</li> <li>• be included for all elevations, including blank elevations, except for householder applications where a statement confirming that they will remain unchanged will be required</li> <li>• show the full elevation of a building (i.e. applications involving flats which form part of a larger converted property must provide plans showing the entire elevation of the building and not just the flat in question).</li> <li>• show the relationship to neighbouring buildings and show the positions of windows and doors on all buildings</li> </ul>

	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• should not include other proposed work which has not been carried out and does not form part of the application</li> <li>• the full elevation of the building should be shown. Elevation drawings should therefore not show existing or proposed trees, hedges or boundary fences.</li> </ul>
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<p><b>Existing and proposed floor and roof plans</b></p>	<p><b>When required - all applications that involve the alteration and enlargement of existing floors within a building (including the roof) and/or the creation of new floors (including the roof).</b></p> <p>Plans must:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• be at a scale of 1:50 or 1:100 with scale bar included (for major applications 1:200 may be acceptable)</li> <li>• show the direction of North</li> <li>• show details of the existing buildings</li> <li>• show the proposed building including each floor and the roof</li> <li>• include all floors and floors where there are no changes proposed, except for householder applications where a statement confirming that they will remain unchanged will be required.</li> <li>• show the site boundary and the outline of any existing neighbouring buildings</li> <li>• show any existing buildings or walls which are to be demolished</li> <li>• applications for change of use will need to be accompanied by floor plans where it is necessary to indicate the extent of the use and its relationship to adjacent development, for example, where it is proposed to change the use of part of a floor or building.</li> <li>• applications proposing new residential accommodation, including conversions, must state the use of each room, each room size and overall unit sizes on the plans.</li> </ul>
<p><b>Existing and proposed sections</b></p>	<p><b>When required - all applications that involve the alteration and enlargement of existing floors within a building (including the roof) and/or the creation of new floors (including the roof); where a proposal involves changes to ground levels; or, for any application on a sloping site, or any major application, change of use.</b></p> <p>Plans must:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• be at a scale of 1:50 or 1:100 with scale bar included (for major applications 1:200 may be acceptable)</li> <li>• show cross sections through the site and buildings including details of existing site levels and finished floor levels with the levels related to a fixed datum point off-site</li> <li>• include details of foundations and eaves levels</li> <li>• show the proposals in relation to existing site levels and in relation to adjoining buildings.</li> <li>• </li> </ul>

<p><b>General Plan Requirements - For ALL drawings and plans</b></p>	<p><b>All drawings must include:</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• a title and drawing number (with the relevant revision number as necessary)</li> <li>• the print (paper) size</li> <li>• the relevant scale at that print size (i.e. 1:50 at A3 or 1:100 at A3)</li> <li>• a scale bar of 10 metres highlighting each metre</li> <li>• for householder and minor applications, a scale bar of 5m highlighting each metre is acceptable</li> <li>• for householder and lawful development certificates it is very helpful to include measurements - i.e. depth, width and height of proposal</li> <li>• all plans must be to a recognisable metric scale (i.e. 1:50, 1:100, 1:200, 1:1250)</li> <li>• the proposed development in relation to the site boundaries and other existing buildings on the site</li> <li>• for major applications, proposed and existing plans must be shown on separate drawings.</li> <li>• for householder and minor applications, proposed and existing plans can be shown on the same drawing</li> </ul> <p>Plans marked with "do not scale" or any similar phrase will be returned as unacceptable as for planning purposes we must be able to scale from all drawings.</p> <p><b>All drawings and supporting documentation should be logged with the drawing number, plan name and description when submitting your application via the Planning Portal website</b></p>
<p><b>Design and Access Statement</b></p>	<p><b>When required - any application for:</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Major developments (those which involve the creation of 10 or more residential units; residential development on a site of 0.5 hectares or more; development on a site of at least 1 hectare; or the provision of a building or buildings where the floor space to be created by the development is 1,000 square metres or more)</li> <li>• one or more dwellings or a building or buildings where the floorspace created is 100sq.m or more within a Conservation Area and / or World Heritage Site</li> </ul>



	<p>A Design and Access Statement should be proportionate to the scale of the development. The document should be very visual, using diagrams, sketches, plans and photographs to provide the necessary explanations and descriptions wherever possible and appropriate.</p> <p>All Design and Access Statements must:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• explain the design principles and concepts that have been applied to the development;</li> <li>• demonstrate the steps taken to appraise the context of the development and how the design of the development takes that context into account;</li> <li>• explain the policy adopted as to access, and how policies relating to access have been taken into account;</li> <li>• state what, if any, consultation has been undertaken on issues relating to access to the development and what account has been taken of the outcome of any such consultation; and</li> <li>• explain how any specific issues which might affect access to the development have been addressed.</li> </ul>
<b>CIL - Additional Information Requirement Form and Local floor space information form</b>	<p><b>When required</b> - all applications proposing:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• a change of use from non-residential to residential</li> <li>• Net additional Gross Internal Area that is 100 sqm or above (including extensions)</li> <li>• The creation of a new residential dwelling, irrespective of size. Note: conversions of a single dwelling into two or more dwellings are not liable for CIL <b>unless</b> the development also includes an extension (of any size).</li> </ul> <p><b>Minimum requirements</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• A completed Form 1: CIL Additional Information form</li> <li>• <a href="#">A completed Local floor space information form</a></li> </ul> <p>Please fill in the local floor space information form in particular parts 6 &amp; 7 of the CIL Additional Information form.</p> <p>Both forms can be downloaded from <a href="https://www.royalgreenwich.gov.uk/cil">https://www.royalgreenwich.gov.uk/cil</a></p>
<b>Correct fee</b>	<p><b>When Required - Payable on most applications.</b></p> <p>Some applications do not require a fee. The Planning Portal provides a table of fees and exemptions here: <a href="https://ecab.planningportal.co.uk/uploads/english_application_fees.pdf">https://ecab.planningportal.co.uk/uploads/english_application_fees.pdf</a></p>

	<p>If you wish to calculate the fee required, the Planning Portal has a fee calculator here:  <a href="https://1app.planningportal.co.uk/FeeCalculator/Standalone?region=1">https://1app.planningportal.co.uk/FeeCalculator/Standalone?region=1</a></p> <p>Notes:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Each application must have a separate fee.</li> <li>• We do not accept one fee for different applications at different addresses.</li> <li>• You can pay online via the Planning Portal (if that was how you submitted your application) and it is strongly recommended to make your payment online via the Council's website for ease of registration and refunds at:  <a href="https://www.royalgreenwich.gov.uk/site/xfp/scripts/xforms_form.php?formID=309&amp;language=en">https://www.royalgreenwich.gov.uk/site/xfp/scripts/xforms_form.php?formID=309&amp;language=en</a></li> <li>• You can pay with most debit or credit cards, except Diners Club and American Express.</li> <li>• Cheques should be made payable to The Royal Borough of Greenwich and have the site address, planning portal number or Greenwich reference number written on the back.</li> </ul>
Biodiversity Net Gain	<p><b>When required</b>  All applications unless exempt (<a href="#">See list of exemptions here</a>)</p> <p>Where development would be subject to the general biodiversity gain condition, the application must be accompanied by the minimum information as set out in Article 7 of The Town and Country Planning (Development Management Procedure) (England) Order 2015:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• a statement as to whether the applicant believes that planning permission, if granted, would be subject to the biodiversity gain condition;</li> <li>• the pre-development biodiversity value of the onsite habitat on the date of application (or an earlier date) including the completed metric calculation tool used showing the calculations, the publication date and version of the biodiversity metric used to calculate that value;</li> <li>• where the applicant wishes to use an earlier date, the proposed earlier date and the reasons for proposing that date;</li> <li>• a statement confirming whether the biodiversity value of the onsite habitat is lower on the date of application (or an earlier date) because of the carrying on of activities ('degradation') in which case the</li> </ul>

	<p>value is to be taken as immediately before the carrying on of the activities, and if degradation has taken place supporting evidence of this;</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• a description of any irreplaceable habitat (as set out in column 1 of the Schedule to the Biodiversity Gain Requirements (Irreplaceable Habitat) Regulations [2024]) on the land to which the application relates, that exists on the date of application, (or an earlier date); and</li> <li>• a plan, drawn to an identified scale which must show the direction of North, showing onsite habitat existing on the date of application (or and earlier date), including any irreplaceable habitat.</li> <li>• If significant onsite biodiversity enhancements are proposed, then applicants are encouraged to provide a draft Habitat Management and Monitoring Plan as part of the application which sets out the proposals for long term maintenance of habitats to be secured through planning condition or planning obligation. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• If an off-site biodiversity gains site specifically to provide gains for the development is proposed; then applicants are encouraged to provide the local planning authority with draft heads of terms clearly setting out the obligations that they are likely to be bound by in a section 106 agreement, should permission be granted.</li> </ul> </li> </ul> <p>Additional guidance:  <a href="https://www.gov.uk/biodiversity-net-gain">Biodiversity net gain - GOV.UK (www.gov.uk)</a>  <a href="https://www.gov.uk/statutory-biodiversity-metric-tools-and-guides">Statutory biodiversity metric tools and guides - GOV.UK (www.gov.uk)</a></p>
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Supporting documents are often required with applications for larger or more complex developments to help explain the impacts of the proposal. The information submitted should provide material to allow the Council to assess the specific relevant impacts of the proposed development. Material should also be provided to justify the proposal in relation to specific planning policies.

Below is a list of our Local Information Requirements. This is based on our planning policies and is in alphabetical order. Each item includes a summary of the relevant policies and the type of application and area of the Borough for which the item is likely to be required. There is also a detailed explanation of the expected content, reasons for requiring the item and where to look for further information.

<b>LOCAL INFORMATION REQUIREMENTS 2024</b>		
<b>Type of information required</b>	<b>Application type (and/or location) where local requirement applies</b>	<b>Justification</b>
<b>Accessibility Statement</b>	<p><b>When Required</b> All applications that involve the creation of new build residential units.</p> <p><b>Minimum Requirements</b> Plans, or reference plans, that show:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>the measures used to achieve the requirements of the relevant standards under Building Regulations Part M4(2): accessible and adaptable dwellings</li> <li>for schemes with 10 or more homes, the layout of the wheelchair adaptable units with floor plans and furniture layouts for each unit at a scale of 1:50, their location, and annotations to show how the relevant standards under Building Regulations Part M4(3): wheelchair user dwellings have been met, including for communal access where relevant</li> <li>where affordable homes are proposed the plans and schedule should show which affordable homes will comply with M4(3) - (2)(b) 'wheelchair accessible dwellings'</li> </ul> <p><b>Further Guidance</b> This can be provided as a chapter within the Design and Access or Planning Statement.</p>	<p>Policy H5 of the Core Strategy</p> <p>Policies GG1, D5 and D7 of the London Plan</p>

<b>Accommodation Schedule</b>	<p><b>When Required</b> All major residential applications</p> <p><b>Minimum Requirements</b> The Accommodation Schedule must provide:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• a summary of the housing mix proposed</li> <li>• the level of occupation/number of people per unit</li> <li>• the number of proposed habitable rooms per unit</li> </ul> <p><b>Further Guidance</b> This can be provided within the Planning Statement or Design and Access Statement</p>	<p>Policies H2, H(e) and H5 of the Core Strategy</p> <p>Policies GG4, D5, D6 and H10 of the London Plan</p>
<b>Affordable Housing Statement (see also Viability Statement)</b>	<p><b>When Required</b> Proposals for residential development on sites capable of providing 10 or more homes or residential sites of 0.5ha or more.</p> <p><b>Minimum Requirements</b> The statement must include:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• a schedule setting out the market housing and different types of affordable housing proposed, including the breakdown by units, habitable rooms and floor area (both GIA and GEA where possible).</li> <li>• a calculation of the total affordable provision as a percentage of overall residential provision and a calculation of each affordable tenure as a percentage of overall affordable provision, by units, habitable rooms and floor area</li> <li>• the location of the affordable units on a plan to scale, identifying the tenure type, size and layout of the affordable units</li> <li>• a clear and full explanation of the different levels or types of affordability or tenure that are proposed for different units, including details on rent levels and other costs such as service charges</li> <li>• the details of any discussions with any affordable housing providers and the details of any Registered Providers acting as Partners in the development.</li> </ul>	<p>Policy H3 of the Core Strategy</p> <p>Policies S1, GG4, D5, H4, H5, H6 and H7 of the London Plan</p> <p>Planning Obligations (S106) SPD</p>

	<b>Further Guidance</b> This can be provided as a chapter within the Design and Access or Planning Statement.	
<b>Air Quality Assessment</b>	<b>When Required</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• All major development</li> <li>• Minor developments that are likely to have a significant impact on air quality or would introduce exposure to an area of existing poor air quality.</li> <li>• If your proposals include any of the following, you will need to submit an Air Quality Assessment although you should take advice from Planning Officers and/or Air Quality Officer as part of duty planner and pre-application discussions: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>· proposals that will result in increased traffic movement including congestion, or a change in traffic volumes and/or vehicle speed</li> <li>· proposals that would significantly alter the traffic composition in an area, such as bus stations, HGV parks and new road layouts</li> <li>· proposals that include new car, coach or lorry parks.</li> <li>· developments which may affect vulnerable users i.e. schools, nurseries and those associated with the elderly, sensitive areas or areas of poor air quality.</li> <li>· developments including biomass boilers, biomass or gas-fired combined heat and power (CHP) or any such other source of significant dust or chemicals</li> <li>· developments which would introduce new residents into an area of existing poor air quality</li> </ul> </li> </ul> <b>Minimum Requirements</b> An Air Quality Assessment must include: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• an assessment of the current air quality in the area</li> <li>• details of potential pollutant sources as a result of the proposed development during both construction and operational phases</li> <li>• details of the pollutants that may be emitted and which objectives they may impinge on.</li> <li>• an assessment of the impact of these, including likely emissions and the effect on the existing air quality. The concentrations of the various pollutants should be predicted at suitable receptor locations. This should include a comparison of with and without development scenarios for the first year of the proposed occupation of the development.</li> </ul>	Policy E(c) of the Core Strategy  Policies GG3, SI 1 and SI 2 of the London Plan  Greener Greenwich SPD

	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• an identification of measures to mitigate and minimise any impacts, with the suggested mitigation measures incorporated into the building design in the planning application is submitted. Mitigation measures should include reference to measures which may be necessary to ensure appropriate air quality for external play spaces for infants and children</li> <li>• An <b>Air Quality Neutral Assessment</b> is also required for developments that are: 10 units or more or 1000 square meters or more of floor space to demonstrate compliance with Policy SI 1 of the London Plan. The assessment must be written in accordance with GLA guidance.</li> </ul>	
Air Quality positive statement	<p><b>When required:</b></p> <p>To comply with the GLA's Air Quality Positive approach guidance, and Air Quality Positive Statement is required for developments that are referable to the Mayor under the following categories: Category 1A, Category 1B, Category 2C1)(a-f), Category 2C(2), Category 2C(3) and Category 2D</p> <p>These are developments which are over 150 residential units; more than 15,000sqm of new floorspace, sites that are subject to an EIA; development providing aircraft runway, a heliport air passenger terminal, railway station or tram station, tramways, railway, cable car, bus or coach station; development for the storage of buses or coaches; certain waste development.</p> <p><b>Minimum requirements</b></p> <p>The AQP statement should be submitted as part of the EIA either alongside or as an appendix to the Environmental Statement and updated for reserved matters. An AQP Statement should be submitted that demonstrates how benefits to local air quality have been minimize<sup>23</sup>, and how measures to minimize pollution exposure will be implemented. It needs to consider these measures: better design and reducing exposure; building emissions; transport emissions; innovation and futureproofing. The AQP Statement must demonstrate how all aspects of a development - including the buildings, public spaces, landscaping and infrastructure - will lead to beneficial outcomes for air quality. It must meet the minimum requirements of London Policy SI 1.</p>	<p>London Mayor's Air Quality Positive Guidance</p> <p>London Plan policy S1</p>

	It is recommended to complete the air quality positive matrix as in Appendix 2 of the Air Quality Positive London Plan Guidance	
<b>Archaeological Desk Based Assessment</b>	<p><b>When Required</b> All applications within an Area of High Archaeological Potential (illustrated in Figure 4 of the Core Strategy) where groundworks are proposed.</p> <p>Where such proposals include new basements, extensions to basements or other extensive groundworks, the results of an archaeological evaluation should be included. Further information can be read on archaeological assessments and evaluations at <a href="http://www.archaeologists.net/codes/ifa">http://www.archaeologists.net/codes/ifa</a></p> <p><b>Further Guidance</b> Historic England - Archaeology Links: <a href="#">Greater London Archaeological Priority Area Guidelines   Historic England</a></p> <p><a href="https://historicengland.org.uk/research/methods/archaeology/">https://historicengland.org.uk/research/methods/archaeology/</a></p> <p><a href="https://historicengland.org.uk/images-books/publications/preserving-archaeological-remains/">https://historicengland.org.uk/images-books/publications/preserving-archaeological-remains/</a></p> <p>NPPF: <a href="#">Historic environment - GOV.UK (www.gov.uk)</a></p>	<p>Policy DH(m) of the Core Strategy</p> <p>Policy HC1 of the London Plan</p>
<b>Basement Impact Assessment</b>	<p><b>When Required</b> All developments adjoining residential properties that include new or enlarged basements, including conversions of cellars into habitable accommodation.</p> <p><b>Minimum requirements</b> In accordance with the Royal Borough of Greenwich Urban Design SPD 2023 The level of information expected and required will be commensurate with the scale, location and complexity of the scheme. The BIA should cover the following:</p>	<p>Policies H5, DH1, DH(a), DH(b), DH(h), DH(i), DH(j), E2 and E3 of the Core Strategy</p>



	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• whether the site is located above an aquifer, on a slope and the geology of the site;</li> <li>• whether the proposed development will extend beneath the water table surface or if it is located within 100m of a water course;</li> <li>• how the development will impact on flooding and drainage; and</li> <li>• construction methods</li> </ul> <p>The Structural Method Statement required to support a BIA should be signed off and endorsed by a Chartered Civil Engineer or Chartered Structural Engineer with relevant experience and should include a non-technical summary easily understandable by someone with no technical knowledge Details of the qualifications and experience of the person signing the Structural Method Statement should be clearly stated.</p> <p>Guidance: <a href="#">RBG Urban Design Guidance Adopted (2).pdf</a></p>	Greenwich Urban Design SPD 2023
<b>Biodiversity and Ecology Report</b>	<p><b>When Required</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• any major development</li> <li>• any new building(s) for any type of use including residential and non-residential, extensions and change of use where it is part of or next to a site designated for its biodiversity value or provides potential suitable habitats for protected species</li> </ul> <p><b>Minimum Requirements</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Preliminary Ecological Appraisal to gather data on existing ecological conditions</li> <li>• Extended Phase 1 Habitat Survey to identify existing biodiversity interests and/or protected species and include recommendations for managing/mitigating impact and post development enhancement.</li> </ul> <p>The report must use up to date surveys, carried out at the appropriate time of year, based on the latest legislation and carried out by a suitably qualified ecologist in accordance with the Institute of Ecology and Environmental Management (IEEM) best practice.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>•</li> <li>• A biodiversity net gain approach should be applied: Where the benefits of the development proposal clearly outweigh the impacts on biodiversity, the following mitigation hierarchy should be applied to minimise development impacts: 1) avoid damaging the significant ecological features of the site 2) minimise the overall spatial</li> </ul>	<p>Policies OS4, OS(f)and OS(g) of the Core Strategy</p> <p>Policies G4, G5, G6 and G7 of the London Plan</p> <p>Greener Greenwich SPD</p>

	<p>impact and mitigate it by improving the quality or management of the rest of the site, and3) deliver off-site compensation of better biodiversity value.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Developers may complete and submit the latest version of Natural England’s Biodiversity metric tool (currently 4.0) to support their Ecological and Biodiversity Assessment showing net gain.</li> <li>• Ecological matters should not normally be left for later submission under conditions as they can be material to the determination of whether planning permission should be granted.</li> </ul>	
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<b>BREEAM Pre-Assessment</b>	<p><b>When Required</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• all major applications with a non-residential component</li> <li>• all non-residential applications including extensions and change of use</li> <li>• all major Domestic Refurbishment applications including residential developments consisting of the refurbishment of existing buildings, including the conversion of existing buildings to form flats.</li> </ul> <p><b>Minimum Requirements</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Non-residential developments compliance with at least BREEAM “Excellent”</li> <li>• Domestic Refurbishment developments compliance with at least BREEAM “Excellent”</li> <li>• A BREEAM Pre-Assessment Checklist indicating targeted credits and rating score</li> <li>• If not viable to undertake to this standard a statement explaining the implications will be required.</li> </ul>	<p>Core Strategy policies DH1 and H5</p> <p>Policy GG6 of the London Plan</p>
<b>Circular economy statement</b>	<p><b>When required</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• All major applications that are referable to the GLA</li> </ul> <p><b>Minimum requirements:</b></p> <p>A Circular Economy Statement should be submitted, to demonstrate:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1) how all materials arising from demolition and remediation works will be re-used and/or recycled</li> <li>2) how the proposal’s design and construction will reduce material demands and enable building materials, components and products to be disassembled and re-used at the end of their useful life</li> <li>3) opportunities for managing as much waste as possible on site</li> <li>4) adequate and easily accessible storage space and collection systems to support recycling and re-use</li> <li>5) how much waste the proposal is expected to generate, and how and where the waste will be managed in accordance with the waste hierarchy</li> <li>6) how performance will be monitored and reported.</li> </ol> <p>Developers should use the guidance and templates provided by the GLA in the Mayor of London’s Circular Economy Statement Guidance. <a href="#">Design for a Circular Economy   London City Hall</a></p>	<p>London Plan Policies SI 7, SI 8</p>

	This should also link to the construction management plan	
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<b>Daylight/ Sunlight Assessment</b>	<p><b>When Required</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• all major applications</li> <li>• all applications for tall buildings</li> <li>• any application where there is a potential adverse impact upon the current levels of sunlight/daylight enjoyed by adjoining properties or building(s), including associated gardens or amenity space</li> <li>• any application for development that may themselves be adversely affected by adjoining sites or where one part of the proposed development may be impacted upon by another part of the development</li> <li>• all new residential dwellings in a restricted setting</li> <li>• backland and infill sites</li> </ul> <p><b>Minimum Requirements</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• The assessment should conform to the methodology identified in the Building Research Establishment guidance ‘Site layout planning for daylight and sunlight: A guide to good practice’ (2022) including an overshadowing study, showing shadow diagrams at different times of day and throughout the year,</li> <li>• the assessment shall include diagrams as relevant and a non-technical summary of the conclusions of the report.</li> </ul>	<p>Policies H5, DH1 and DH(b) of the Core Strategy and Greenwich Urban Design Guidance SPD 2023.</p> <p>Policies D6 and D9 of the London Plan</p>
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	<b>Guidance</b> All assessments must be undertaken by a suitably qualified professional using the relevant BRE guidelines and criteria.	
<b>Demolition and/or Construction management and Logistics Plan - Draft</b>	<b>When Required</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>all major applications and others likely to have a detrimental impact on air quality during the demolition and or construction phase or would introduce additional dust and or plant and machinery emissions to an area of existing poor air quality.</li> <li>all major applications and others likely to have a detrimental noise impact during demolition and or construction</li> <li>all major applications and others likely to have a significant impact on traffic congestion or pedestrian safety.</li> <li>any application where loading activities associated with the construction phase of a development would cause congestion or obstruction on the public highway - particularly where temporary closures are required on the highway or where safe and legal loading can't take place off the public highway.</li> <li>where significant excavation is proposed, or large elements are to be delivered.</li> </ul> <b>Minimum Requirements</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a plan (to scale) identifying the site access points and where safe and legal loading can take place</li> <li>details of how deliveries could be managed to reduce the number of vehicle movements and use more sustainable modes, where possible</li> <li>location of site entrance(s), exit(s), wheel washing area/s, hard standing, stock pile locations, hoardings (location, height, type etc.), dust suppression measures, water supplies and nearest neighbouring receptors</li> <li>proposed vehicle routing to the nearest Strategic Road Network avoiding schools, residential areas, high streets etc wherever possible</li> </ul>	Greener Greenwich SPD  Policies E(a) and E(c) IM4 and IM(a) of the Core Strategy  Policies D13, D14, SI 1 T2, T4 and T7 of the London Plan
<b>Designing out Crime Statement</b>	<b>When Required</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>all major applications</li> <li>applications for ATM's</li> </ul> <b>Minimum Requirements</b>	Policies DH1 and CH1 of the Core Strategy

	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• A report that demonstrates that the impact of crime and anti-social behaviour have been considered as part of the design process and, where appropriate, have been designed out or mitigation measures incorporated.</li> </ul> <p><b>Additional Guidance</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• For more information about crime prevention and promoting community safety through the planning system at: <a href="http://www.securedbydesign.com">www.securedbydesign.com</a></li> <li>• This can be incorporated into the Design and Access Statement</li> </ul>	Policies GG6 and D11 of the London Plan
<b>Delivery and Servicing Management Plan - Draft</b>	<p><b>When Required</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• all major applications</li> <li>• any application likely to result in a significant number of deliveries or servicing movements</li> </ul> <p><b>Minimum Requirements</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• site layout plan (to scale) identifying site access points</li> <li>• a plan showing where safe and legal loading/unloading can take place</li> <li>• size of vehicles and delivery vehicle routing (swept path analysis may be required to demonstrate that delivery vehicles can access the development dependent on the location)</li> <li>• details of frequency of deliveries and the times when deliveries and servicing take place</li> <li>• details of how deliveries could be managed to reduce the number of trips and use more sustainable modes, where possible</li> <li>• details of a waste management strategy - refuse collection, including domestic waste, is a servicing activity and will need to be considered.</li> <li>• details of any restriction on servicing</li> </ul>	<p>Policies IM5 and IM(c) of the Core Strategy</p> <p>Policy T7 of the London Plan</p>
<b>Digital massing model</b>	<p><b>When required</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• All major applications</li> </ul> <p><b>Minimum requirements:</b></p>	

	<p>Provide a 3D model of the proposed development. The Royal Borough of Greenwich use VUCITY as our interactive digital city platform to assess the impact of the proposed development. <a href="#">VUCITY provides further details on the file requirements</a>.</p> <p>If the development is amended, the digital model should also be amended.</p> <p>Make sure you include:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• the GBOS geolocation coordinates</li> <li>• AOD height</li> <li>• the name of the modelling package used to create the file</li> <li>• the scale it was created in</li> </ul> <p>Note that as the model is intended for the evaluation of massing, scale and context, it does not need to be a large-set BIM model with full structural or internal information.</p> <p>Make sure that:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• if your modelling package does not geo-locate in GBOS (or you have any issues), zero the coordinates of the model instead</li> <li>• submitted models are FBX file format (2011-2016) or OBJ file format</li> <li>• files are less than 128 mb in size, and all objects should be grouped onto one layer</li> <li>• files are Geo-located in GBOS space and conforms to the British National Grid</li> </ul>	
<b>Economic Statement</b>	<p><b>When Required</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• major developments that include employment uses or any scheme which proposes the loss of existing employment use and/or floorspace, including changes of use.</li> </ul> <p><b>Minimum Requirements</b></p> <p>The report shall include:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• details of any jobs that might be created, supported or lost</li> </ul>	<p>Policies EA1 and EA(a) in the Core Strategy</p> <p>Policy GG5 of the London Plan</p>

	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• information on existing and proposed employment uses and occupants, including floorspace quantum for each proposed use in NIA, GIA and GEA</li> <li>• information on potential occupiers, lease terms, etc</li> <li>• plans demonstrating how employment floorspace will operate, including measures to ensure flexibility</li> <li>• any community benefits; and</li> <li>• reference to any regeneration strategies that might lie behind or be supported by the proposal</li> </ul> <p><b>Additional Guidance</b> Employment is considered to mean any proposal that generates jobs. Can be included within Planning Statement</p>	
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<b>Energy Statement / Strategy</b>	<p><b>When Required</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• All major applications</li> </ul> <p><b>Minimum Requirements</b> The Energy Statement / Strategy should be prepared in accordance with GLA guidance on the structure and content of energy assessments. It should demonstrate how the energy hierarchy has been applied to make the fullest contribution to CO<sub>2</sub> reduction, how the risk of overheating has been mitigated and the feasibility of decentralised energy.</p> <p>In summary the assessment should include:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• A non-technical summary that sets out and commits to the key measures and CO<sub>2</sub> reductions identified for each stage of the energy hierarchy (be lean, be clean, be green, be seen) for the domestic and non-domestic elements of the development.</li> <li>• Where the zero carbon target for domestic and non-domestic development is not met on-site, provision for offsetting the shortfall via a financial contribution to the Royal Borough's carbon offset fund must be made.</li> <li>• Calculation of the baseline energy demand and CO<sub>2</sub> emissions (with evidence of how it has been calculated). Although it is not subject to the target, unregulated energy should also be quantified.</li> </ul>	<p>Policy E1 of the Core Strategy</p> <p>Policies SI2, SI3 and SI4 of the London Plan</p> <p>Latest GLA guidance at point of preparing the Statement / Strategy</p>
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	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Calculation of regulated CO<sub>2</sub> emissions at each stage of the energy hierarchy.</li> <li>• How the proposed energy system has been selected, in accordance with the order of preference in London Plan Policy S12.</li> <li>• How the cooling hierarchy in London Plan Policy S14 has been applied.</li> <li>• How renewable energy technologies have been considered, including site specific analysis of the feasibility of all renewable technologies. The proposed renewable energy scheme should include machinery/apparatus location and estimated output.</li> <li>• A feasibility study of connection to current or future district heat/power networks and technical solution for future connection.</li> <li>• An explanation, if needed, of where and why the proposed development doesn't meet identified standards.</li> <li>• Submission of Carbon Emissions Reporting Spreadsheet in xls format.</li> <li>• Monitor and report the energy and CO<sub>2</sub> emissions of all renewable/low carbon technologies at post construction stage for 5 years.</li> <li>• Monitor and report energy performance at post-construction to ensure that the actual carbon performance of the development is aligned with the Mayor's net zero-carbon target according to the Be Seen stage of the energy hierarchy.</li> <li>• Calculation of whole life-cycle carbon emissions through a nationally recognised Whole Life-Cycle Carbon Assessment and demonstrate actions taken to reduce life-cycle carbon emissions (currently applied to referable applications)</li> </ul> <p><b>Guidance:</b> Energy Planning - GLA guidance on preparing energy assessments (2022 and any subsequent version ) <a href="#">Energy Planning Guidance   London City Hall</a></p> <p>GLA 'be seen' energy guidance: <a href="#">'Be seen' energy monitoring guidance   London City Hall</a></p>	
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<b>Environmental Impact Assessment/ Environmental Statement</b>	<p><b>When Required</b> Required for developments that: is listed within Schedule 1 of the Town and Country Planning (Environmental Impact Regulations) 2017 (as amended); or is listed within Schedule 2 of the Regulations and likely to have a significant effect on the environment.</p> <p><b>Minimum Requirements</b></p> <p>Projects should be screened in the context of the Schedule 2 thresholds and criteria (The Town and Country Planning (Environmental Impact Assessment) Regulations 2017). The threshold for urban developments is as follows:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• The development includes more than 1 hectare of urban development which is not dwelling house development; or</li> <li>• The development includes more than 150 dwellings; or</li> <li>• The overall area of the development exceeds 5 hectares.</li> </ul> <p>If you decide an Environmental Impact Assessment is required, you may submit an Environmental Statement with an application without having obtained a screening opinion from the council. However, you must make clear the information is intended to constitute an Environmental Statement. You are advised to seek a scoping opinion from the council prior to submission.</p> <p>For applications for Non-Material Amendments (s96a) and Minor Material Amendments (s73) for proposals that were originally EIA development, further details will be necessary (from a suitably qualified consultant) to show that the proposed changes to the scheme have been screened and that the impacts of the development, as altered, have been assessed to determine whether they would give rise to any further or different significant impacts. This will likely take the form of an addendum to the Environmental Statement outlining the alterations and assessing the impact of these against each of the previous conclusions for each chapter of the Environmental Statement from the original permission.</p> <p><b>Guidance</b> Guidance on the need for and content of an Environmental Statement are formally provided by</p>	<p>The Town and Country Planning (Environmental Impact Assessment) Regulations As Amended 2017.</p>
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	<p>Screening and Scoping opinions, respectively.</p> <p>Links:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <a href="https://www.legislation.gov.uk/ukhr/2017/1222/eng/1">The Town and Country Planning (Environmental Impact Assessment) Regulations 2017 (legislation.gov.uk)</a></li> </ul> <p>NPPF: <a href="https://www.gov.uk/government/policies/environmental-impact-assessment">Environmental Impact Assessment - GOV.UK (www.gov.uk)</a></p>	
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<b>Fire Statement (Major applications)</b>	<p><b>When required</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• All major applications</li> </ul> <p><b>Minimum Requirements</b></p> <p>London Plan 2021 requirement: The statement should detail how the development proposal will function in terms of:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1) the building's construction: methods, products and materials used, including manufacturers' details</li> <li>2) the means of escape for all building users: suitably designed stair cores, escape for building users who are disabled or require level access, and associated evacuation strategy approach</li> <li>3) features which reduce the risk to life: fire alarm systems, passive and active fire safety measures and associated management and maintenance plans</li> <li>4) access for fire service personnel and equipment: how this will be achieved in an evacuation situation, water supplies, provision and positioning of equipment, firefighting lifts, stairs and lobbies, any fire suppression and smoke ventilation systems proposed, and the ongoing maintenance and monitoring of these</li> <li>5) how provision will be made within the curtilage of the site to enable fire appliances to gain access to the building</li> <li>6) ensuring that any potential future modifications to the building will take into account and not compromise the base build fire safety/protection measures.</li> </ol> <p>A Fire Statement should only be produced by a competent professional. Typically, such a person will be a fire engineer with the ability to demonstrate knowledge and experience relevant to the complexity of the development proposed. Evidence of competency of the author of the Fire Statement should be detailed in a clearly identified section at the beginning of the Fire Statement, and should demonstrate that the author meets the following criteria:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a) is a registered fire engineer with the Engineering Council with iEng (Incorporated Engineer) or CEng (Chartered Engineer) after their name, and is registered with the Institute of Fire Engineers with MIFireE after their name</li> <li>b) clearly details evidence of suitable training, skills, experience, knowledge and behaviours (relevant to the development in question) indicating the author's ability to write the Fire Statement.</li> </ol>	<p>Policy D12 of The London Plan</p>
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	<p>Applications for planning permission will be exempt from the requirement to submit a fire statement where:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>the application is for a material change in use of a relevant building and the material change of use would result in the building no longer being a relevant building</li> <li>the application is for a material change in use of land or buildings within the curtilage of a relevant building and the material change of use would not result in the provision of one or more relevant buildings</li> <li>the application is for outline planning permission</li> <li>the application is for permission to develop land without compliance with conditions under section 73 of the Town and Country Planning Act 1990</li> </ul> <p>Guidance:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li><a href="#">draft_guidance_sheet_fire_statements_d12_b_070720_web.pdf (london.gov.uk)</a></li> <li><a href="#">Fire Safety Guidance (pre-consultation, for information)   London City Hall</a></li> <li></li> </ul>	
<b>Fire Statement (non-majors)</b>	<p><b>When required:</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Building refurbishments that require planning permission</li> <li>The provision of two or more dwellings or educational accommodation <u>and</u> 18m or more in height, or over 7 storeys</li> <li>Development to an existing building consisting of or within the curtilage of two or more dwellings or educational accommodation <u>and</u> 18m or more in height, or over 7 storeys</li> </ul> <p><b>When required:</b> All non-major developments should provide either a</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Planning Fire Safety Strategy (PFSS) or a</li> <li>- Reasonable Exception Statement (RES), if it is considered that parts or all of policy D12A of the London Plan are not relevant.</li> </ul> <p>Planning Fire Safety Strategy (PFSS) A PFSS must demonstrate they have suitable fire safety knowledge, understanding and qualifications, commensurate with the size, scope and</p>	London Plan policy D12

	<p>complexity of the proposed development.</p> <p>The PFSS must:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Identify suitably positioned unobstructed outside space for fire appliances to be positioned on</li> <li>• Identify suitably positioned unobstructed outside space appropriate for use as an evacuation assembly point</li> <li>• Are designed to incorporate appropriate features which reduce the risk to life and the risk of serious injury in the event of a fire, including appropriate fire alarm systems and passive and active fire safety measures</li> <li>• Are constructed in an appropriate way to minimize the risk of fire spread</li> <li>• Provide suitable and convenient means of escape, and associated evacuation strategy for all building users</li> <li>• Develop a robust strategy for evacuation which can be periodically updated and published, and which all building users can have confidence in</li> <li>• Provide suitable access and equipment for firefighting which is appropriate for the size and use of the development</li> </ul> <p>Reasonable Exception Statement (RES) Householder proposals only can provide a RES; this can be provided as a covering letter stating that current fire safety measures are either</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Appropriate and will not be adversely affected by the development, or</li> <li>2. Are altered stating the mitigation measures required to ensure fire safety is maintained.</li> </ol> <p>Also a RES would apply to schemes where no additional dwellings or commercial units are created, no lifts are provided, the external materials are not altered and there are no alterations to the internal or external communal areas that support the evacuation strategy for the property)</p> <p>Guidance: <a href="#">Fire Safety LPG   London City Hall</a></p>	
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<b>Flood Risk Assessment</b>	<p><b>When required</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• all developments on sites of 1 hectare or greater in Flood Zone 1</li> <li>• all developments located in Flood Zones 2 and 3, including domestic extensions and change of use to residential</li> <li>• all developments where surface water flooding is shown as 0.3m or deeper, within 100m of a sewer flooding incident or within 250m of a groundwater flooding incident</li> <li>• other developments will require a Flood Risk Assessment only when they: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>· have an adverse effect on a watercourse, floodplain or its flood defences;</li> <li>· would impede access to flood defence and management facilities; or</li> <li>· where the cumulative impact of such developments would have a significant effect on local flood storage capacity or flood flows.</li> </ul> </li> </ul> <p><b>Minimum Requirements</b></p> <p>The FRA should contain information as detailed in the latest Environment Agency, government guidance, National Planning Policy Framework (NPPF) and National Planning Policy Guidance (NPPG).</p> <p>The assessment should demonstrate how flood risk will be managed now and over the development's lifetime, <a href="#">taking climate change into account</a> and with regard to the vulnerability of its users (see <a href="#">National Planning Policy Framework - Annex 3: Flood risk vulnerability classification - Guidance - GOV.UK (www.gov.uk)</a>)</p> <p>What to include in your assessment</p> <p>For all developments the FRA should include:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• an assessment of the flood risk from all sources of flooding for your development, plus an allowance for climate change</li> <li>• the estimated flood level for your development, taking into account the impacts of climate change over its lifetime</li> <li>• details of the finished floor levels</li> <li>• details of your flood resistance, resilience and emergency plans</li> <li>• any supporting plans and drawings</li> <li>• any other information the relevant Environment Agency standing advice tells you to include</li> </ul> <p>The estimated flood level is the depth of flooding anticipated on your development site in a:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• river flood with a 1 in 100 annual probability plus an allowance for climate change</li> </ul>	<p>Policies E2 and E3 of the Core Strategy</p> <p>National Planning Policy Framework</p> <p>National Planning Practice Guidance.</p> <p>Policies GG6 and SI 12 of the London Plan</p>
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	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• tidal flood with a 1 in 200 annual probability plus an allowance for climate change</li> </ul> <p>If flood defences are present, the estimated flood level should account for the residual flood risk if they breached or overtopped. The objectives of a site-specific flood risk assessment are to establish:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• whether a proposed development is likely to be affected by current or future flooding from any source;</li> <li>• whether it will increase flood risk elsewhere;</li> <li>• whether the measures proposed to deal with these effects and risks are appropriate;</li> <li>• the evidence for the local planning authority to apply (if necessary) the Sequential Test, and;</li> <li>• whether the development will be safe and pass the Exception Test, if applicable.</li> </ul> <p>Please provide the information as set out in the <a href="#">NPPG flood risk assessment checklist</a></p> <p><b>For minor development:</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• As a minimum, the assessment needs to show that the development will be safe for its users for the intended lifetime of the development, without increasing flood risk elsewhere, and be sufficiently flood resistant and resilient to the level and nature of the flood risk</li> <li>• Use the Environment Agency's Standing Advice and you may use the appropriate products or packages of information from the Environment Agency to help you complete your flood risk assessment: <a href="#">Flood risk assessments if you're applying for planning permission - GOV.UK (www.gov.uk)</a></li> </ul> <p>You should follow the <a href="#">Environment Agency's Standing Advice</a> if you're carrying out a flood risk assessment of a development classed as:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• a minor extension (household extensions or non-domestic extensions less than 250 square metres) in flood zone 2 or 3</li> <li>• '<a href="#">more vulnerable</a>' in flood zone 2 (except for landfill or waste facility sites, caravan or camping sites)</li> <li>• '<a href="#">less vulnerable</a>' in flood zone 2 (except for agriculture and forestry, waste treatment, mineral processing, and water and sewage treatment)</li> <li>• '<a href="#">water compatible</a>' in flood zone 2 You also need to follow standing advice for developments involving a change of use into one of these vulnerable categories or into the water compatible category. Surface water flood extent from the Environment Agency's modelling and Royal Greenwich's SFRA to be treated the same as in Flood Zone 3.</li> </ul>	
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	<p><b>Additional Guidance</b></p> <p><b>National Guidance:</b> <a href="https://www.gov.uk/guidance/flood-risk-assessments-if-youre-applying-for-planning-permission">Flood risk assessments if you're applying for planning permission - GOV.UK (www.gov.uk)</a></p> <p><b>Sustainable drainage systems - Non-statutory technical guidance:</b> <a href="https://www.gov.uk/guidance/sustainable-drainage-systems-non-statutory-technical-standards">Sustainable drainage systems: non-statutory technical standards - GOV.UK (www.gov.uk)</a></p> <p><b>Royal Greenwich's Strategic Flood Risk Assessment:</b> <a href="https://royalgreenwich.gov.uk/strategic-flood-risk-assessment">Strategic flood risk assessment Greenwich   Royal Borough of Greenwich (royalgreenwich.gov.uk)</a></p>	
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	<p>More detailed guidance on the content of Flood Risk Assessments can be found on the following Environment Agency links:  <a href="#">Flood risk and coastal change</a>  <a href="#">Flood risk assessment for planning applications</a>  <a href="#">Flood Risk Assessment Standing Advice</a>:</p> <p>The report should be undertaken by a suitably qualified specialist. Mitigation proposed through the Flood Risk Assessment will need to be incorporated into the plans (i.e. finished floor levels, SuDS, living roofs etc.)</p>	
<b>Foul Sewage and Utilities Assessment</b>	<p><b>When Required</b>  All major developments involving connections to utilities</p> <p><b>Minimum requirements</b>  the application should demonstrate:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• following consultation with the service provider, the availability of utility services has been examined and that the proposals would not result in undue stress on the delivery of those services to the wider community;</li> <li>• that proposals incorporate any utility company requirements for substations, telecommunications equipment or similar structures;</li> <li>• that service routes have been planned to avoid as far as possible the potential for damage to trees and archaeological remains;</li> <li>• where the development impinges on existing infrastructure the provisions for relocating or protecting that infrastructure have been agreed with the service provider; and,</li> <li>• the provision of adequate space for plant access, inspection, maintenance and future raising of the flood defences.</li> </ul>	Policy SI 5 of the London Plan

<b>Green infrastructure Assessment, including Urban Greening Factor</b>	<p><b>When Required:</b> All major applications</p> <p><b>Minimum requirements:</b> An assessment and calculation of the Urban Greening factor (UGF) to be implemented and long-term maintenance of green infrastructure. The Urban Greening Factor for a proposed development is calculated in the following way: (Factor A x Area) + (Factor B x Area) + (Factor C x Area) etc. divided by Total Site Area.</p> <p>The interim targets from the London Plan are: 0.4 minimum for major new residential developments and 0.3 minimum for major new commercial developments (excluding B2 &amp; B8 uses).</p> <p>The applicant should also detail the gain to biodiversity levels on the site as a result of the development taking place.</p> <p><b>Additional Guidance:</b> GLA Urban Greening Factor Guidance: <a href="#">Urban Greening Factor (UGF) guidance   London City Hall</a></p>	<p>London Plan policy G5</p>
<b>Health Impact Assessment</b>	<p><b>When Required</b> All major applications</p> <p><b>Minimum requirements</b> Applications must be accompanied by as a minimum:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• A completed Healthy Urban Planning Checklist - desktop assessment</li> </ul>	<p>Policy CH2 of the Core Strategy</p> <p>Policy GG3 of the London Plan</p>

	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Subject to the scope of the application, a rapid or a full HIA may be required. We strongly recommend the scope of the HIA should be discussed with the NHS London Healthy Urban Development Unit during pre-application discussions.</li> </ul> <p><b>Additional Guidance</b></p> <p>Guidance on the HUDU Healthy Urban Planning Checklist and the Rapid Health Impact Assessment Tool is available here: <a href="https://www.healthyurbandevelopment.nhs.uk/our-services/delivering-healthy-urban-development/health-impact-assessment/">https://www.healthyurbandevelopment.nhs.uk/our-services/delivering-healthy-urban-development/health-impact-assessment/</a></p> <p><a href="https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/nppg-health-and-wellbeing-healthy-and-safe-communities">NPPG Health and Wellbeing: Healthy and safe communities - GOV.UK (www.gov.uk)</a></p> <p><a href="#">Informatives and contacts   Public health planning informatives and contacts   Royal Borough of Greenwich</a></p>	
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<b>Heritage Impact Assessment</b>	<p><b>When Required</b> All applications involving:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• designated heritage assets: The Maritime Greenwich World Heritage Site, Conservation Areas, Listed Buildings, Scheduled Monuments, Registered Parks and Gardens</li> <li>• non-designated heritage assets such as Locally Listed Buildings</li> <li>• where a development is not a designated heritage asset, but it could affect the setting of a designated heritage asset. For example a new house which is next to a listed building.</li> <li>• Archaeological Heritage Assets</li> <li>• sites within Areas of High Archaeological Potential (AHAPs)</li> </ul> <p><b>Minimum Requirements</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• a description of the significance of any heritage assets affected including any contribution made by their setting</li> <li>• an assessment of the impact of the proposals on the asset's significance</li> <li>• an explanation of how the proposal will preserve and enhance the heritage asset and its setting</li> <li>• evidence that consultation with The Greater London Historic Environment Record (GLHER) has been undertaken as a minimum</li> </ul> <p>Where the site includes or has the potential to include heritage assets with archaeological interest, a desk based archaeological assessment will be required on submission and a field evaluation where necessary. Where proposed development falls within an AHAP, assessment of the impact on archaeological remains and measures for recording, interpretation and protection will be required on submission.</p>	<p>Policies DH3, DH4, DH(h), DH(i), DH(j), DH(m) of the Core Strategy</p> <p>Policies HC1, HC2 and HC3 of the London Plan</p>
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	<p>Where there are major works and/or a number of alterations proposed to a listed building (including repairs), a full schedule of the works will need to accompany the heritage impact assessment and shall include a method statement explaining the principles for the works.</p> <p><b>Additional Guidance</b></p> <p>The amount of detail provided should be proportionate to the importance of the asset. As a minimum, the historic environment record should have been consulted. As heritage assets are irreplaceable, any harmful impact will require clear and convincing justification. Impact can be explained in terms of high, moderate, minor or neutral levels, on a beneficial or adverse basis.</p> <p>To avoid unnecessary duplication, applicants can include the heritage impact assessment as part of the Design and Access Statement, showing how the proposed design has responded to the historic environment; this must be clearly titled.</p> <p>Applications will not be validated where the extent of the proposal's impact on the significance of any heritage assets and their settings cannot be adequately understood from the application and supporting documents.</p> <p>Photographs are helpful in support of applications affecting Conservation Areas and Listed Buildings.</p> <p>NPPG - Historic environment: <a href="https://www.gov.uk/guidance/historic-environment">Historic environment - GOV.UK (www.gov.uk)</a></p> <p><a href="#">Greater London Archaeological Priority Area Guidelines   Historic England</a></p> <p>GLA practice note on Heritage Impact Assessments: <a href="#">Heritage Impact Assessments and the Setting of Heritage Assets (london.gov.uk)</a></p>	
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<b>Land Contamination - Preliminary Risk Assessment</b>	<p><b>When Required</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• All major planning applications with a residential element</li> <li>• Any applications where the site is known to be or likely to have been in contaminated uses</li> </ul> <p><b>Minimum Requirements</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- The Preliminary Risk Assessment will need to be compliant with meeting the required standards under the prevalent guidance e.g. - ‘The Model Procedures for the Management of Land Contamination’ (CLR 11, Defra &amp; Environment Agency) and ‘British Standard 10175:2011+A2:2017 ‘Investigation of Potentially Contaminated Sites—- Code of Practice’.</li> <li>- The Preliminary Risk Assessment should also have regard to the potential for the site to contain Unexploded Ordinances.</li> </ul>	<p>Policy E(e) of the Core Strategy</p> <p>Policies SD1 and E7 of the London Plan</p>
<b>Landscaping Strategy</b>	<p><b>When Required</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• all major applications</li> <li>• all applications for new areas of open space, play space and landscape provision</li> <li>• all applications for flat conversions where garden space is provided</li> </ul>	<p>Policies DH1, OS(f) and OS4 of the Core Strategy</p>

	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• all applications for new dwellings where garden space is provided</li> <li>• any proposal including alterations to a front garden for householders in Conservation Areas or alterations to the garden for Listed Buildings.</li> </ul> <p><b>Minimum Requirements</b></p> <p><i>For minor applications</i></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• plans showing details of hard and soft landscaping proposals for all parts of the site where no buildings are proposed.</li> <li>• cycle and car parking and refuse storage should also be included where appropriate</li> </ul> <p><i>For major applications</i></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• indicative plan showing details of hard and soft landscaping proposals for all parts of the site where no buildings are proposed. This must include relevant site features and note whether any of the existing landscaping features are to be retained as well as the presence of any species of nature conservation interest;</li> <li>• location of proposed biodiversity mitigation/enhancement measures, as necessary, and as identified in the Habitat Report;</li> <li>• site levels, gradients and any earthworks required;</li> <li>• indicative hard landscaping materials;</li> <li>• location of bicycle and/or refuse storage areas; and</li> <li>• identified areas of public open space for application of 50 units or more in areas of public open space deficiency.</li> <li>• the associated private amenity space and size per unit and the type of provision (e.g. residential garden, balcony)</li> <li>• the quantum of any communal amenity space and children's playspace</li> </ul> <p>It should also include proposals for long term maintenance and landscape management, as well as ecological benefits, climate change adaption measures, approaches to trees and sustainable drainage.</p> <p>The detail provided should be proportionate to the scale of the development.</p>	<p>Policies D3 and D4 and G5 of the London Plan</p>
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<b>Lighting Assessment</b>	<p><b>When Required</b> All proposals involving:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• the provision of public realm where external lighting is proposed</li> <li>• outdoor sports facilities (including MUGAs) where external lighting is proposed</li> <li>• where external lighting is proposed and there is the potential for the site/area to be used by bats and/or other protected species</li> </ul> <p><b>Minimum Requirements</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• a layout plan with beam orientation, a schedule of the equipment in the design and intensity of illumination</li> <li>• details of any directional hoods or other forms of mitigation</li> <li>• the proposed hours of operation of lighting and time of any automatic cut off</li> <li>• for areas where outdoor floodlighting is proposed a lux contour plan must be provided</li> <li>• any possible effects on wildlife that is sensitive to lighting e.g. bats</li> </ul> <p><b>Additional guidance:</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• NPPG: <a href="https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/natural-environment-lighting-guidance">Light pollution - GOV.UK (www.gov.uk)</a></li> </ul>	<p>Policy E(a) of the Core Strategy Policy</p>
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Marketing Report	<p><b>When Required</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• All applications involving loss of vacant employment space and Class E commercial in neighbourhood parades and community facilities. Can be included within Planning Statement. If you intend to use viability to justify failure to meet policy requirements, a Viability Assessment must also be provided.</li> </ul> <p><b>Minimum Requirements</b></p> <p>The marketing information and evidence of lack of demand for the protected use should cover a reasonable period as set out under the relevant Core Strategy Policy. As a minimum, this should include:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Evidence of active marketing of the site for the minimum period required, at a realistic price or rent for the condition of the site and comparative to others within the market.</li> <li>• details of where and how the site was marketed, including copies of all sales literature, website details and signed and dated photos of signboards</li> <li>• the terms of sale and/or lease (i.e. any ties on the freehold and leasehold options or restrictive covenants)</li> <li>• copies of all details of approaches and offers with full reasons as to why any offer has not been accepted.</li> <li>• For the loss of pubs, a community survey providing details of other pubs in the area and their facilities.</li> <li>• For the loss of community facilities, a community survey providing details of other uses in the area for which there is an identified need. This should include public consultation. Evidence that the loss would not create or add to a shortfall in provision for the specific community use must also be provided.</li> </ul>	<p>Policies EA(a), EA(b), TC7 and CH(a) of the Core Strategy</p> <p>Policies GG5 and HC7 of the London Plan</p>
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<b>Materials Schedule - Indicative</b>	<p><b>When Required</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• all major applications;</li> <li>• all new buildings;</li> <li>• applications for Listed Building Consent;</li> <li>• applications within Conservation Areas; and</li> <li>• others as advised by Planning Officers as part of the duty planner and pre-application process</li> </ul> <p><b>Minimum Requirements</b> Details of materials shall include:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• For minor applications - specification of all materials (including roofing materials, cladding, windows, doors and balconies)</li> <li>• For major applications - a statement explaining the choice and appropriateness of materials proposed and set out the core design principles that will underpin the scheme.</li> <li>• elevations and sections at a scale of at least 1:20 which shall include (where incorporated into the proposal): <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>· a window within a façade and the reveals, cills etc.</li> <li>· details of external entrance doors and any porches or canopies</li> <li>· details of balconies</li> <li>· detailed elements where different materials meet/joinall pipework, drainage, vents etc.</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	<p>Policy DH1 of the Core Strategy</p> <p>Policy D3 and D4 of the London Plan</p>
<b>Noise Impact Assessment</b>	<p><b>When required</b> Any application that:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• includes noise generating sources; plant and or machinery or noise generating activities,</li> <li>• proposes flue/ventilation extraction systems (in such cases a Ventilation/Extraction Statement will be required as well).</li> <li>• are themselves noise sensitive or close to existing sources of noise and/or vibration.</li> </ul>	<p>Policies H5 and E(a) of the Core Strategy,</p>

	<p><b>Minimum Requirements</b></p> <p>Noise: You must submit a noise impact assessment prepared by a qualified acoustician, and in line with British Standards and World Health Organisation guidelines. Provide details of the following:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• the existing noise levels measured over 24hrs, including background noises</li> <li>• proposed noise levels or outputs (where appropriate)</li> <li>• the measures proposed to reduce noise [e.g. design, orientation, insulation]</li> <li>• examples of the calculations and assumptions made; and</li> <li>• the measuring equipment and calibration certificate</li> </ul> <p>Vibration:</p> <p>For sites adjoining a main line railway a vibration assessment should also be submitted.</p> <p>Please note the agent of change principle to changes of use.</p> <p>Noise sensitive uses include:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Residential development</li> <li>• Student accommodation • Care homes • Hotels • Schools • Hospitals</li> </ul> <p>Noise generating uses include:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Rail infrastructure</li> <li>• Pubs / Bars / Music Venues / Nightclubs</li> <li>• Leisure uses [former D2 use class]</li> <li>• B8 Logistics / Distribution use</li> <li>• Safeguarded wharves</li> <li>• Airports</li> <li>• Motor car/bike tracks/speedways</li> <li>• BMX, skateboard, scooter, mountain bike tracks</li> <li>• MUGAs</li> <li>• Sport stadia</li> <li>• B2 Use Class developments [industrial]</li> <li>• Wind Turbines</li> <li>• Gymnasia</li> </ul>	<p>Policies D13 and D14 of the London Plan</p>
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	<b>Additional guidance:</b> NPPG: <a href="https://www.gov.uk">Noise - GOV.UK (www.gov.uk)</a>	
<b>Parking Assessment</b>	<b>When Required</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• all major applications</li> <li>• any application for retail/commercial uses proposing off-street parking</li> <li>• any residential scheme over 2 units proposing off-street parking (including conversions)</li> </ul> <b>Minimum Requirements</b> A statement explaining: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• the number of cars, motorcycle and cycle spaces proposed</li> <li>• details of the number of car club spaces and electric vehicle charging points (if none are proposed then this should be stated in the submission)</li> <li>• details of measures to manage their use (i.e. ensuring that informal parking does not take place in any other areas of the site not dedicated as parking spaces)</li> <li>• details of measures to control potential on-street parking</li> <li>• details of monitoring and review</li> <li>• details of accessible parking provision</li> </ul>	Core Strategy policy IM(c)  Policy T6 (and sub-policy) of the London Plan
<b>Parking Design and Management Plan</b>	<b>When Required</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• all applications where car parking is being provided</li> </ul>	Core Strategy policy IM(c)

	<p><b>Minimum Requirements</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• details how the car parking will be designed, managed and enforced</li> <li>• details of the size and location of spaces, layout, provision of accessible spaces, electric charging points, turning areas, gradients of any ramps etc.</li> </ul> <p><b>Guidance</b> The car parking provision should be designed and amended with reference to Transport for London guidance on parking management and parking design</p>	Policy T6 (and sub-policy) of the London Plan
<b>Photographs and Photomontages</b>	<p><b>When Required</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• all major applications</li> <li>• applications for development affecting conservation areas and/or a World Heritage Site, Listed Building Consent or Certificate of Lawfulness for works to a listed building</li> </ul> <p><b>Minimum Requirements</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Verified views with 3D visualisations /CGI images/renders showing the proposed development in the context with its surroundings. The specific details should be agreed with officers during duty planner and pre-application discussions. Photographs dated and numbered cross-referenced to the drawings showing the areas of the listed building where the works/alterations are proposed (internally and externally) and the relationship of the building to the surrounding area.</li> </ul>	
<b>Planning Obligations/ Draft Heads of Term</b>	<p><b>When Required</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• all major developments and any other scheme where there is a need for planning obligations.</li> <li>• all schemes for affordable housing or car free developments</li> </ul> <p><b>Minimum Requirements</b> The Council provides a standard Planning Obligations Statement (available on request). This must be completed in full and accompanied by:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• proof of the owner's title (including title plan). All the owners of the site will need to enter into the agreement. If the land is registered this will be by recent office copy entries (no more than 21 days old). If it is unregistered, an epitome of title should be provided.</li> </ul>	Royal Greenwich Planning Obligations Guidance SPD

	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>names and addresses of any chargees, lessees, mortgages or other holders of security on the land, as all parties with an interest in the land would need to sign the agreement.</li> <li>a written agreement to pay the Royal Borough's reasonable legal costs in connection with the negotiation, preparation and monitoring of the legal agreement.</li> <li>contact details if there is a solicitor acting on behalf of the applicant.</li> </ul> <p><b>Guidance</b> Guidance on likely Planning Obligations can be found in the Royal Borough's Planning Obligations SPD and further advice can be provided during pre-application discussions.</p>	
<b>Planning Statement</b>	<p><b>When Required</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>all applications <u>except</u> householders, extensions to flats, Advertisement Consent, Prior Approvals, Lawful Development Certificates, Discharge of Conditions</li> <li>any development which is a departure from the development plan.</li> <li>all applications for non-material and minor material amendments where the originally approved scheme was a major development.</li> </ul> <p><b>Minimum Requirements</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>every statement shall identify the planning policies of relevance within the current development plan, including the London Plan</li> </ul> <p><b>In addition:</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>for applications for non-material and minor material amendments, the Planning Statement must set out: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>how the proposals have changed</li> <li>a list of the approved plans and what each is proposed to be replaced with</li> <li>a schedule of the works proposed.</li> <li>an assessment, statement and justification for the loss of community facilities where applicable (e.g. where there is a loss of a doctor's surgery, amenity/play space, community halls etc.)</li> </ul> </li> </ul> <p><b>Guidance</b></p>	Enables the applicant to demonstrate that the development complies with national, regional and local policy.

	<p>A Planning Statement identifies the context and need for a proposed development and includes an assessment of how the proposed development accords with relevant national, regional and local planning policies. The level of detail should be proportionate to the development proposal.</p> <p>Submissions which just list the policies without providing the required commentary or do not address the current development plan policies will not be considered as valid.</p> <p>Where a separate Marketing Report is required, the Planning Statement should provide an overview of the exercise and demonstrate the acceptability of the approach and proposed loss.</p>	
<b>Play Space Strategy</b>	<p><b>When Required</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• all major applications that include residential units</li> <li>• any application that includes communal play space</li> </ul> <p><b>Minimum requirements</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• layout plan at a minimum scale of 1:500 showing the proposed site layout incorporating play space</li> <li>• schedule detailing play space proposed against the mayoral standards</li> <li>• Indicative play equipment</li> <li>• Consideration of exposure to pollution sources and air quality indicators</li> </ul> <p><b>Guidance</b> Additional guidance can be found on the GLA website <a href="#">Play and informal recreation guidance</a></p>	<p>Royal Greenwich Play and Informal Recreation SPG</p> <p>Policies GG3 and S4 of the London Plan</p>
<b>Refuse and Recycling Statement</b>	<p><b>When Required</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• all new build developments or conversions and changes of use</li> <li>• any application which has the potential to increase the levels of waste generated</li> </ul> <p><b>Minimum Requirements</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• details showing sufficient storage space for waste and recyclable material for seven days.</li> <li>• waste and recycling storage must be clearly marked on the plans showing access routes for collection vehicles and safe vehicle stopping locations whilst collecting waste.</li> <li>• in major residential or commercial developments, the Council may require a detailed Waste Management Strategy to be submitted. Please see Waste Management Strategy. A</li> </ul>	<p>Policies SI 8 and D6 of the London Plan</p>



	<p>Statement or document outlining full compliance with the Guidance for Developers document in the link below. These guidance notes should not be treated as an alternative to consultation and detailed discussions concerning the provision of waste storage should take place with the councils Waste Strategy department.</p> <p><b>Guidance</b>  “New Developments: Guidance notes for the storage and collection of waste and recycling materials”</p> <p><a href="#">Waste storage information for architects   Storage and collection of waste and recycling in new developments   Royal Borough of Greenwich (royalgreenwich.gov.uk)</a></p>	
<b>Retail Statement/ Retail Impact Assessment</b>	<p><b>When Required</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• applications for main town centre uses (Class E commercial, business and service and Class Sui Generis) of located outside of the major, district and local centres and neighbourhood parades.</li> <li>• applications for non-retail uses with within primary, secondary or local shopping frontages (ground floor only).</li> </ul> <p><b>Minimum Requirements</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• for out of centre locations, a sequential test that thoroughly investigates alternative sites in town centres, local centres, neighbourhood parades and edge-of-centre locations to demonstrate that there are no more preferable sites for development.</li> <li>• for out of centre proposals of 2500sqm gross floorspace and above, an impact assessment is also required to demonstrate that the development would not individually or cumulatively have a detrimental impact on the vitality and viability of town and local centres.</li> </ul> <p><b>Additional guidance:</b>  NPPG: <a href="#">Town centres and retail - GOV.UK (www.gov.uk)</a></p>	<p>National Planning Policy Framework</p> <p>Policies TC1, TC(a) and TC(b) of the Core Strategy</p> <p>Policies E9, SD6, SD7 and SD8 of the London Plan</p>

<b>Statement of Community Consultation</b>	<p><b>When Required</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>all major applications</li> </ul> <p><b>Minimum Requirements</b></p> <p>The statement shall demonstrate how:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>the applicant has complied with the requirements for pre-application consultation set out in the adopted Statement of Community Involvement</li> <li>how the views of the local community have been sought and taken into account in the formulation of development proposals.</li> </ul> <p><b>Additional guidance</b></p> <p><a href="#">Statement of Community Involvement 2024   Royal Borough of Greenwich</a></p>	<p>Royal Greenwich Statement of Community Involvement (SCI) 2024</p> <p>Localism Act 2011</p> <p>National Planning Policy Framework</p> <p>GG1 of the London Plan</p>
<b>Sustainable Design and Construction Statement</b>	<p><b>When Required</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>all major applications</li> </ul> <p><b>Minimum Requirements</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>A sustainability statement will draw together sustainable design features and considerations within the scheme; where material is covered by other documents (e.g. the Energy Statement, Biodiversity Statement, Flood Risk Assessment, Environmental Statement, Travel Plan) these should be cross-referenced rather than duplicated.</li> <li>The Sustainability statement should align with <a href="#">Greener Greenwich SPD, the Royal Borough's Carbon neutral plan and GLA London Environment Strategy</a></li> </ul>	<p>Policy S1 of the London Plan</p> <p>Royal Greenwich Greener Greenwich SPD</p> <p>Royal Greenwich Carbon Neutral Plan Carbon Neutral Plan 2021</p>

<b>Sustainable Drainage System (SUDS Strategy)</b>	<p><b>When Required</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• all major applications</li> <li>• developments on land over 0.25ha in area and in areas identified in the Royal Borough's Surface Water Management Plan to be at risk of surface water flooding.</li> </ul> <p><b>Minimum Requirements</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• an assessment (taking into account different factors including the layout of the site, the topography and geology) demonstrating how any surface water generated from the development will be controlled as near to its source as possible.</li> <li>• a drainage strategy (including FRA where applicable, proposed drainage layout and calculations) to demonstrate that the development does not flood or increase flooding downstream.</li> </ul>	<p>Policy E2 and E3 of the Core Strategy</p> <p>Policy SI 13 of the London Plan</p> <p>Flood and Water Management Act 2010</p>
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	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• sustainable drainage for the site shall be proposed in accordance with SUDs surface water management hierarchy in line with the current London Plan of prevention, reduction, source control, site control and regional control (the accepted hierarchy of surface water discharge options is infiltration, then attenuation and discharge to: watercourse, surface water sewer, other sewer).</li> <li>• evidence shall be provided to demonstrate that the most sustainable strategy is proposed taking into account flood risk, site layout, topography, geology, etc).</li> <li>• where the intention is to incorporate infiltration SUDS, their feasibility shall be demonstrated through approved intrusive geotechnical surveys to establish infiltration rates, ground water levels and ground contamination.</li> <li>• should it be proposed to dispose of surface water into a watercourse, surface water sewer, highway drain or another drainage system, should be accompanied by evidence that the rates are being restricted to greenfield values and the system has adequate capacity downstream and is in a suitable state to accept the water.</li> <li>• where an application is part of a larger site which already has planning permission it is essential that the new proposal does not compromise the drainage scheme already approved.</li> <li>• any works to be carried out which will affect the flow or storage of water within, or which place or alter a structure/obstruction within an ordinary watercourse will require Ordinary Watercourse Consent from The Royal Borough</li> <li>• evidence to show have ‘in principle’ agreement with the water board to discharge into surface water sewer</li> </ul> <p>A maintenance plan shall be submitted which will show how the designed system will be maintained for the lifetime of the development to ensure it performs as designed.</p> <p>Additional Guidance:  <a href="https://tfl.gov.uk/streets-toolkit">Streets toolkit - Transport for London (tfl.gov.uk)</a>  DEFRA: <a href="https://publishing.service.gov.uk/government/publications/sustainable-drainage-systems-non-statutory-technical-standards-for-sustainable-drainage-systems">Sustainable Drainage Systems: Non-statutory technical standards for sustainable drainage systems (publishing.service.gov.uk)</a>  NPPG: <a href="https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/flood-risk-and-coastal-change">Flood risk and coastal change - GOV.UK (www.gov.uk)</a></p>	<p>LASOO Guidance on meeting the national standards</p> <p>Royal Borough Strategic Flood Risk Assessment - Appendix B (Developers Guide)</p>
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<b>Telecoms Development - Supplementary Information</b>	<p><b>When Required</b> Any application for masts and/or antennae by mobile phone network operators</p> <p><b>Minimum Requirements</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• For applications submitted under the General Permitted Development Order applicants should refer to the statutory requirements within that Order.</li> <li>• For applications for planning permission, the report must include the area of search, details of any consultation undertaken, details of the proposed structure, a technical justification (including ICNIRP certificate) and information about the proposed development including photomontages of the proposed development in situ.</li> </ul>	<p>National Planning Policy Framework</p> <p>Policy DH(c) of the Core Strategy.</p> <p>General Permitted Development Order.</p>
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<b>Transport Assessment</b>	<p><b>When Required</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• major applications for over 50 residential units</li> <li>• major applications for commercial development (including retail),</li> <li>• all applications for schools and nurseries, hospitals, places of worship and others where the proposed development would have significant transport implications.</li> </ul> <p><b>Minimum Requirements</b></p> <p>The following headlines represent the required content of a Transport Assessment:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• baseline Conditions (including the PTAL of the site)</li> <li>• trip Generation, Distribution &amp; Modal Share</li> <li>• the existing capacity of surrounding routes</li> <li>• impacts - Road Network (including loading)</li> <li>• impacts - Cycle and Pedestrian Routes</li> <li>• impacts - Parking</li> <li>• impacts - Public Transport Network</li> <li>• mitigation of all impacts and implication &amp; Planning obligations</li> <li>• provision of car and cycle parking including any proposed car club parking and electric vehicle charging points.</li> <li>• travel Plan (see separate guidance)</li> <li>• Details of how the proposals will deliver improvements that support the ten Healthy Streets Indicators in line with TfL guidance; how the proposals will reduce the dominance of vehicles on streets; and, pedestrian and cycle permeability and connections to public transport</li> <li>• Active Travel Zone assessment</li> </ul> <p><b>Guidance</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• TfL provides additional guidance on transport assessments here <a href="https://tfl.gov.uk/info-for/urban-planning-and-construction/guidance-for-applicants">https://tfl.gov.uk/info-for/urban-planning-and-construction/guidance-for-applicants</a></li> <li>• <a href="#">Embedding Healthy Streets in new Development, Planning Applications &amp; Transport Assessments (TAs) (tfl.gov.uk)</a></li> </ul>	<p>Policy IM4 of the Core Strategy.</p> <p>Policies T2 and T4 of the London Plan</p>
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<b>Transport Statement</b>	<p><b>When Required</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• all major applications proposing residential development of 10 plus units but less than 50</li> <li>• all applications where traffic and travel implications will be increased</li> </ul> <p><b>Minimum Requirements</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• public transport accessibility level (PTAL) of the site</li> <li>• expected Trip Generation and implications on the surrounding highway network</li> <li>• the access to public transport and any other sustainable modes of transport in the area</li> <li>• expected impact on parking</li> <li>• provision of car or cycle parking.</li> <li>• Details of how the proposals will deliver improvements that support the ten Healthy Streets Indicators in line with TfL guidance; how the proposals will reduce the dominance of vehicles on streets; and, pedestrian and cycle permeability and connections to public transport</li> </ul>	<p>Policy IM4 of the Core Strategy</p> <p>Policies T2 and T4 of the London Plan</p>
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<b>Travel Plan</b>	<p><b>When Required</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• all major planning applications</li> <li>• others which are likely to have significant transport implications (such as schools, nurseries and hotels) or where there is no parking, or a low level of car parking proposed.</li> <li>• all applications requiring the submission of a Transport Assessment.</li> </ul> <p><b>Minimum Requirements</b></p> <p>For residential development:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• a full Travel Plan</li> </ul> <p>For non-residential schemes or the non-residential element of a mixed used scheme:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• a framework Travel Plan including a commitment to the travel plan by individual occupiers on the site</li> </ul> <p><b>Guidance</b></p> <p>Guidance can be found at: <a href="https://tfl.gov.uk/info-for/urban-planning-and-construction/guidance-for-applicants">https://tfl.gov.uk/info-for/urban-planning-and-construction/guidance-for-applicants</a></p>	<p>National Planning Policy Framework</p> <p>Policy IM4 of the Core Strategy</p> <p>Policy T4 of the London Plan</p>
<b>Tree Survey / Arboricultural Report</b>	<p><b>When Required</b></p> <p>all applications where there are trees within the application site or on land adjacent and would be affected by the development (including street trees). Such trees need to be categorised as described in British Standards 5837 (2012).</p> <p><b>Minimum Requirements</b></p>	<p>Policies OS(f) and OS(g) of the Core Strategy</p> <p>Policy G7 of the London Plan</p>



	<p>A Tree Survey will require information prepared by a qualified Arboriculturalist and shall include the following:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• details of the existing species, spread, roots and position of trees</li> <li>• details of any trees that will be felled as part of the proposed development</li> <li>• details of trees that will be affected by the proposed development (including those located on adjacent sites) and what measures will be taken to protect them during construction</li> <li>• plans and documents outlined in accordance with the British Standards 5837 (2012) including a tree survey, a tree constraints plan, an Arboricultural Implications Assessment and an Arboricultural Method Statement including a Tree Protection Plan.</li> </ul> <p>An Arboricultural Implications Assessment will need to:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• consider the tree/building relationships that will be produced at the end of the project.</li> <li>• identify issues that will be faced during demolition of the existing buildings and construction of the new ones.</li> <li>• identify where tree protection measures are needed and what operations are likely to pose threats to retained trees, including any special foundations or methods of work that may be needed if structures are proposed within tree root protection areas, where materials will be stored and where worker facilities will be located.</li> <li>• show clearly all the trees to be retained and those to be felled.</li> <li>• show where all tree protective fencing is to be erected and all ground protection where important tree roots are at risk of damage.</li> <li>• show any areas of landscaping that can be identified, where practicable, be protected by fencing to avoid soil compaction.</li> </ul> <p>London Plan Policy G7 Trees and Woodlands necessitates the removal of trees there should be adequate replacement based on the existing value of the benefits of the trees removed, determined by, for example, i-tree or CAVAT or another appropriate valuation system.</p> <p><b>Guidance</b> The report should be undertaken by a suitably qualified Arboriculturalist, in line with British Standards 5837 (2012).</p>	
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	CAVAT: <a href="http://ltoa.org.uk">CAVAT (ltoa.org.uk)</a>	
<b>Ventilation/ Extraction Strategy</b>	<p><b>When Required</b> Any proposal for the use of premises that require ventilation or extraction or for an application for a new or replacement extraction / ventilation system.</p> <p><b>Minimum Requirements</b></p> <p><i>Minors</i></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• plans to scale showing the position and design of ventilation and extraction equipment.</li> <li>• full manufacturers details of the equipment proposed including odour abatement techniques</li> <li>• a Noise and Vibration Assessment (see Noise and Vibration Assessment requirements).</li> </ul> <p><i>Majors</i></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• indicative position of ventilation and extraction equipment; and</li> <li>• a Noise and Vibration Assessment.</li> </ul> <p><b>Guidance</b> Where a flue is necessary to support the use of a premises, the location of such flues need to be carefully considered at an early stage to ensure that it is are capable of being provided in a manner that would not have an adverse visual impact on occupiers of neighbouring properties.</p>	Policy E(a) of the Core Strategy

<b>Viability Assessment</b>	<p><b>When Required</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• applications that fail to meet policy requirements for affordable housing, where the justification is on the grounds of financial viability, including S73 applications.</li> <li>• applications which do not follow the Fast-Track Route, as set out at Policy H5 of the London Plan</li> <li>• any other major development where the deliverability of the scheme as designed needs to be understood</li> <li>• any application where the viability of the existing use is relevant</li> </ul> <p><b>Minimum Requirements</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• where a scheme cannot meet the affordable housing policy requirements, the applicants should demonstrate they have maximised provision of affordable housing as far as is viable.</li> <li>• an un-redacted viability assessment should be submitted for publication along with the other application documents. The assessment should: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>· generate a residual land value;</li> <li>· include a benchmark land value against which the viability of the development can be assessed;</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	<p>Policies H3, EA(a) and EA(b) of the Core Strategy</p> <p>Policies GG4, H5 and DF1 of the London Plan</p> <p>Royal Greenwich Planning Obligations Guidance SPD</p> <p>GLA Affordable Housing and Viability Supplementary</p>
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	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>include evidence to support all values and costs included in the assessment, including the benchmark land value;</li> <li>identify and justify all the assumptions used in the viability assessment model;</li> <li>provide a viability assessment model capable of full interrogation by the Council and its advisors.</li> </ul> <p>Applicants should be aware that the viability assessment will be made publicly available in the same manner as other documents that form part of the submission.</p> <p>Additional Guidance:</p> <p>GLA Affordable Housing and Viability SPG (2017): <a href="https://www.london.gov.uk/asset-library/affordable-housing-and-viability-spg-20170816.pdf">ah_viability_spg_20170816.pdf</a> (<a href="https://www.london.gov.uk">london.gov.uk</a>)</p>	Planning Guidance 2017 (or as updated by the relevant LPG)
<b>Views Analysis - London View Management Framework (LVMF) and other identified views</b>	<p><b>When Required</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>If the application site lies within a designated Landmark Viewing Corridor and the proposed height exceeds the development plane between the viewpoint and the base of the dome of St Pauls Cathedral, the impact of the development on the view needs to be assessed in accordance with the LVMF. If the application site lies within the foreground or backdrop to any view identified in development plan policy or guidance, the impact on the view needs to be assessed.</li> </ul> <p><b>Minimum Requirements</b> For LVMF views you must submit:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>elevations annotated to show the height of the building above Ordnance Datum + the height of the development plane</li> <li>photographs of the view and photomontages of the proposed situation</li> <li>verified visual montages (VVM) will be required to confirm the accuracy.</li> <li>for other local views identified in policy or guidance, you must submit photographs of the view and photomontages of the proposed situation.</li> </ul> <p><b>Guidance</b> You are advised to agree appropriate viewpoints with officers at pre-application stage.</p>	<p>Policy DH1, DH4, DH(g), DH9(l) of the Core Strategy</p> <p>Policies HC3 and HC4 of the London Plan</p> <p>GLA London View Management Framework SPD</p>

<b>Waste Management Strategy</b>	<p><b>When Required</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>all major residential and commercial proposals</li> </ul> <p><b>Minimum Requirements</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>estimated volumes and types of waste produced by the development.</li> <li>the size and locations of waste and recycling storage areas.</li> <li>how waste and recyclable material is delivered to these stores.</li> <li>the proposed collection point (if applicable) and the method for transferring waste to this location.</li> <li>access and maneuvering space for refuse collection vehicles (swept path analysis may be required to demonstrate refuse collection vehicle movements around the development)</li> </ul> <p><b>Guidance</b></p> <p>Guidance can be found in the following document “New Developments: Guidance notes for the storage and collection of waste and recycling materials”  <a href="https://www.royalgreenwich.gov.uk/info/200198/building_control/1452/storage_and_collection_of_waste_and_recycling_in_new_developments">https://www.royalgreenwich.gov.uk/info/200198/building_control/1452/storage_and_collection_of_waste_and_recycling_in_new_developments</a>) this document should not considered an</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>alternative to consultation, please be contact the Council’s Waste Strategy Team</li> </ul>	<p>Policies SI 8 and D6 of the London Plan</p>
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## Requirements for common application types

### *Household and minor developments*

Below are standard requirements for common application types. These are intended to provide guidance on what is normally required.

However, all applications are different and if you wish to discuss the specific requirements for your application, this can be provided as our duty planner or pre-application service.

<b>Applications for Householder Planning Applications or Full Planning Applications for works to a Flat</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Application form (householder application form for houses/full planning application form for flats)</li><li>• Ownership Certificate</li><li>• Site Location Plan</li><li>• Block Plan</li><li>• Existing and proposed elevations</li><li>• Existing and proposed floor and roof plans</li><li>• Existing and proposed sections</li><li>• Heritage impact assessment (see requirements for this under the relevant section of this document)</li><li>• Fee</li><li>• Photographs of the site and surroundings</li><li>• Fire statement (minors)</li><li>• Tree survey (where trees are affected by the proposal - see requirements for this under the relevant section of this document)</li><li>• Flood risk assessment (see requirements for this under the relevant section of this document)</li></ul>
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<b>Lawful Development Certificates for Proposed Development or Use</b>	<p>National requirements:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Application Form</li> <li>• Site Location Plan</li> <li>• Fee</li> <li>• Evidence that the proposed works are lawful</li> </ul> <p>Suggested evidence/information/drawings that may be appropriate to provide:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Block Plan</li> <li>• Existing and proposed elevations</li> <li>• Existing and proposed floor and roof plans</li> <li>• Existing and proposed sections</li> <li>• Proposed volume calculations (roof extensions)</li> </ul> <p>The suggested information is not required to be provided. However, if not provided it may make it difficult for us to be able to assess your application.</p>
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<p><b>Lawful Development Certificates for Existing Use or Development (flat conversions, use as a residential unit, change of use)</b></p>	<p>National requirements:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Application Form</li> <li>• Site Location Plan</li> <li>• Fee</li> <li>• Evidence/information/drawings that the existing use or development are lawful</li> </ul> <p>Suggested evidence/information/drawings that may be appropriate to provide:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Block Plan</li> <li>• Pre-Existing (before the works took place) and current elevations (as the site is now)</li> <li>• Pre-Existing (before the works took place) and current floor plans (as the site is now)</li> <li>• Pre-Existing (before the works took place) and current sections (as the site is now)</li> <li>• Council tax bills</li> <li>• Utility bills</li> <li>• Tenancy agreements</li> <li>• Sworn affidavits</li> </ul> <p>The suggested information is not required to be provided. However, if not provided it may make it difficult for us to be able to assess your application.</p> <p><b>N.B.</b> A Certificate cannot be issued for retrospective works to a Listed Building.</p>
<p><b>Prior Notifications for Larger Home Extensions</b></p>	<p>National requirements:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• A written description of the proposed development which includes the maximum depth, eaves height and overall height of the extension. We strongly recommend using the Application form available on the <a href="#">Planning Portal</a> to ensure all the required information is provided.</li> <li>• A plan indicating the site and showing the proposed development and any existing enlargement of the original dwellinghouse to which the enlarged part will be joined</li> <li>• Address of all adjoining properties (including to the rear)</li> <li>• Contact information</li> <li>• Fee</li> </ul> <p>The Council is not able to make an application for prior approval (larger home extension) invalid. However, if you do not provide all of the above national requirements contained within the General</p>



	<p>Permitted Development Order, then your application will most likely be refused.</p> <p>Suggested information:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Block Plan</li> <li>• Existing and proposed elevation</li> <li>• Existing and proposed floor plans</li> <li>• Existing and proposed sections</li> </ul> <p>The suggested information is not required under the General Permitted Development Order the application, however it is strongly recommended that you provide the above as it may increase the success rate of your application.</p> <p><b>N.B.</b> A Prior Notification cannot be issued for a property that is situated on Article 2(3) land (a conservation area or a World Heritage Site)</p>
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<p><b>Window replacements - Householder Planning Applications or Full Planning Applications for Flats</b></p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Application form</li> <li>• Ownership Certificate</li> <li>• Site Location Plan</li> <li>• Existing elevations <u>or</u> high-quality photographs of existing elevations. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• If submitting photographs, each photograph must have a title e.g. Document 1 - front elevation, Document 2 - rear elevation, etc. Photographs must show each entire elevation where one or more windows are proposed to be replaced. Photographs must show clearly the style and glazing pattern of the existing windows. Photographs where elevations are obscured e.g. by trees will not be acceptable.</li> <li>• Each window to be replaced must be individually identified on the 'as existing' elevations or photographs by a number or letter.</li> <li>• Detailed 'as proposed' drawings or full specification / brochure of the individual windows to be replaced. The documents must have measurements (height, depth and width) noted on and other necessary information must be cross-referenced to the numbers or letters identifying the individual windows on the existing photographs or elevation.</li> </ul> </li> <li>• Fee</li> </ul> <p><u>Listed buildings and / or properties in a Conservation Area that are subject to a relevant Article 4</u></p> <p><u>Direction</u></p> <p>As above and in addition to the following supplementary information:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• 1:20 scale elevations and larger scale 1:5 or 1:2 detailed cross sections.</li> </ul>
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	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• For sash windows, cross section drawings should include top rail (including sash box), glazing bar, meeting rail (of both sashes), bottom rail, sill (including sash box).</li> <li>• Cross sections should show how the window unit sits within the window reveal and relates to the existing sill.</li> <li>• If your building is listed, you will also need to provide a condition report of the existing window(s) along with a Listed Building Consent application (see requirements for this below).</li> </ul>
<b>Listed Building Consent</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Application form</li> <li>• Ownership Certificate</li> <li>• Site Location Plan</li> <li>• Block plan at 1:100 or 1:200 showing site boundaries (if building footprint is altering or changes to the landscaping are proposed)</li> <li>• Existing and proposed floor plans at 1:50 or 1:100 clearly showing any proposed changes to the layout</li> <li>• Existing and proposed external elevations at 1:50 or 1:100 clearly showing any proposed changes</li> <li>• Existing and proposed internal elevations as necessary to a scale of 1:10 or 1:20 clearly showing any proposed changes</li> <li>• Existing and proposed cross sections at 1:50 or 1:100 clearly showing any proposed changes</li> <li>• Existing and proposed plans, cross sections and/or elevations to a scale of 1:5 or full size as appropriate to show all new or any alterations to building fabric including walls, ceilings, floors, doors, windows, panelling, fireplaces, mouldings and other details as relevant</li> <li>• Photographs of all areas where changes are proposed</li> <li>• Heritage Impact Assessment (see requirements for this under the relevant section of this document)</li> <li>• Schedule of works (for major works and/or a number of alterations)</li> <li>• Method Statement (for major works and/or a number of alterations)</li> <li>• Structural Engineers report (if structural alterations, substantial demolition or excavation works proposed)</li> <li>• Fire safety strategy, sound proofing strategy (for changes of use)</li> <li>• Detailed manufacturers specification for replacement features such as windows, doors etc. and for any type of insulation or damp-proofing</li> </ul> <p>Where planning permission is also required a joint application form is available.</p>

	<p>For extensive or complicated proposed works to a listed building it is strongly recommended that you use our duty planner and pre-application service to ensure all the required information is provided as part of the application.</p>
<p><b>Certificate of Lawfulness for proposed works to a Listed Building</b></p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Application form</li> <li>• Cover letter which includes detailed description of proposed works and grounds for the application i.e. why the works will not affect the character of the listed building</li> <li>• Site Location Plan</li> <li>• Photographs</li> <li>• Existing and proposed plans, cross sections and/or elevations to a scale of 1:5 or full size as appropriate to show all new or any alterations to building fabric including walls, ceilings, floors, doors, windows, panelling, fireplaces, mouldings and other details as relevant</li> </ul> <p>A Certificate of Lawfulness for works proposed to a Listed Building is for minor works which do not require listed building consent as they will not affect the character of the listed building as a building of special architectural or historic interest. For example, the installation of secondary glazing to windows or the demolition of a modern (non-original) partition wall or outbuilding.</p> <p><b>N.B.</b> A Certificate cannot be issued for retrospective works carried out to a listed building.</p>
<p><b>Advertisement Consent</b></p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Application form</li> <li>• Site Location Plan</li> <li>• Existing elevation/s (no less than a scale of 1:100) or a clear photograph of existing building/s</li> <li>• Elevations or computer-generated image of all proposed adverts on building, pole or hoarding including height above ground</li> <li>• Drawing of each advert at a scale of 1:20 noting all colours and materials</li> <li>• Sections of all proposed adverts at a scale of 1:20 showing the building and how they would be fixed to it, extent of projection</li> <li>• Details of any illumination, including external or internal illumination, colour and method</li> <li>• Fee</li> </ul> <p><b>N.B.</b> the installation of a new shopfront or significant alteration to an existing shopfront requires Planning Permission and in the case of listed buildings, separate Listed Building Consent.</p>

<p><b>Section 96a (Non-Material Amendments) &amp; Section 73 (Minor material amendments)</b></p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Application form</li> <li>• Site Location Plan</li> <li>• Block plan</li> <li>• Supporting statement or cover letter summarising the changes</li> <li>• Copies of the approved plans from the relevant original permission for information (to scale)</li> <li>• A composite document containing marked-up versions of the approved plans (at A3 or A4 size and not necessarily to scale) to visually show each proposed amendment against the relevant existing and consented part of development, for information and comparison purposes.</li> <li>• Proposed plans, elevations and sections as necessary</li> <li>• Draft amended S106 Agreement in 'track changes' format for S73 applications where the existing planning permission is subject to a S106 Agreement</li> <li>• Any supporting documents (if applicable)</li> <li>• Fee</li> </ul> <p>Please note that the proposed plans must be a full update or revision of the originally approved plans and must explicitly state which of the original plans are to be superseded by the amendments. The proposed plans must include all information and clarifications originally included on the approved plans</p> <p>If the original application was an EIA development, then additional requirements may apply, and we would advise you to seek specialist advice.</p>
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<b>Applications for shopfronts in Conservation Areas or to a Listed Building</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Application form</li> <li>• Site Location Plan</li> <li>• Existing floor plans at 1:50 or 1:100</li> <li>• Existing elevations at 1:50 or 1:100</li> <li>• Proposed floor plans at 1:50 or 1:100 clearly showing any proposed changes to the layout</li> <li>• Proposed elevations at 1:50 or 1:100 clearly showing any proposed changes</li> <li>• Proposed elevation of the shopfront at a scale of 1:10 or 1:20</li> <li>• Proposed section of the shopfront at a scale of 1:10 or 1:20</li> <li>• Existing and proposed plans, cross sections and/or elevations to a scale of 1:5 to show all new or any alterations to building fabric including walls, ceilings, floors and shopfront features such as doors, windows, fascias, signage, stall risers, mouldings and other details as relevant (for Listed Buildings)</li> <li>• Joinery details at a scale of 1:5 or full size as appropriate</li> <li>• Heritage Impact Assessment (see requirements for this under the relevant section of this document)</li> </ul>
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	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Fee</li> </ul> <p><b>N.B.</b> the installation of a new shopfront or significant alteration to an existing shopfront requires Planning Permission and in the case of listed buildings, separate Listed Building Consent. Signage and other advertisements may require separate Advertisement Consent.</p> <p>Please note that if you are painting a shopfront within West Greenwich Conservation Area, this will likely require planning permission.</p>
<b>Modification or discharge to existing S106 Agreements</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Cover letter setting out the changes and reasons for the modification or discharge</li> <li>• Draft legal agreement</li> </ul>

### ***Major Applications***

Given the complex nature of most major application, we strongly encourage all applicants looking to submit an application for major development to use our pre-application service. Part of the pre-application service is to provide advice and guidance on the information required to support the planning application.

